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09/676,680	09/29/2000	Megumi Yamaoka	MAT-8021US	3463
7590 01/26/2005			EXAMINER	
Lawrence E Ashery			CHANG, JON CARLTON	
Ratner & Presti				
One Westlakes Berwyn Suite 301			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P O Box 980			2623	
Valley Forge, PA 19482-0980			DATE MAILED: 01/26/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summer	09/676,680	YAMAOKA ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Jon Chang	2623		
The MAILING DATE of this commun. Period for Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states a period for reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re nunication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty atutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT will, by statute, cause the application to become ABA	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. FHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status	•			
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	d on 9/28/04 10/6/04 12/27/04			
· ·				
·—	for allowance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the practic	ce under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from consideration.	,		
Application Papers				
	er 2000 is/are: a) \square accepted or b) \square ction to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand the correction is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
2. Certified copies of the priority3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have been received. documents have been received in Apof the priority documents have been real Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)		
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/27/04. 	TO-948) Paper No(s))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)		

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Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on September 28, 2004 has been entered.

Response to Applicants' Amendment and Arguments

2. The amendment filed October 6, 2004, has been entered and made of record.

In response to the amendment, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, and the objection to the drawings are withdrawn.

Applicants' remarks on page 8 with regard to "updating" have been fully considered and are persuasive. The disclosure refers to "incrementing" which, according to Applicants, corresponds to "updating."

The Examiner notes that the current form of the claims no longer contain the language which caused the Examiner to withdraw the rejection relying on U.S. Patent 6,463,176 to Matsugu, in the final Office Action, mailed May 26, 2004.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 5 and 6 are objected to because of the following informalities:

It appears that claim 5 should refer to step (e) rather then step (d), and claim 6 should refer to step (f) rather than step (e).

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1, 2, and 11 recite "updating a score". This is indefinite because "updating" implies performing an action on something that exists, but the claim has not established a "score" prior to the "updating" step. Further, a "score" is not inherent to a "position" as disclosed in Applicants' specification. Rather, it appears the score needs to be determined.

Claims 7, 8 and 9, recite "counting a score". This is indefinite because "counting" implies performing an action on something that exists, but the claim has not established a "score" prior to the "counting" step. Further, a "score" is not inherent to a "position" as disclosed in Applicants' specification. Rather, it appears the score needs to be determined.

Claims not mentioned specifically depend from indefinite antecedent claims.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 6,463176 to Matsugu et al. (hereinafter "Matsugu").

As to claim 1, Matsugu discloses an image recognizing method comprising the steps of:

- (a) dividing an input image into local-segments (column 5, lines 9-12);
- (b) registering a learning image into a learning image database (column 5, lines 28-30):
- (c) selecting a local-segment from the plurality of local-segments (column 5, lines 28-30; as each local-segment is matched, it must first be selected);
- (d) extracting a learning-local-segment from the learning image database which is similar to the selected local-segments (column 5, lines 28-30; each local feature element pattern is the learning-local-segment);
- (e) relating the extracted learning-local segment extracted the selected local-segments (column 5, lines 28-42);

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(f) estimating a position of an object-to be identified in the input image from coordinates of the selected local-segments and coordinates of the learning-local-segment (column 4, lines 58-59; column 8, lines 1-9);

- (g) updating a score of the estimated position in the input image (column 8, lines 1-18; with each iteration, F(k,p) is updated); and
- (h) repeating steps (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) for each local-segment of the plurality of local-segments (all of the local-segments are matched, column 5, lines 26-31, therefore the steps are repeated for each local-segment);
- (i) judging that the object to be identified is present at the first position when the score is greater than a predetermined number (column 8, lines 6-18).

Regarding claim 2, Matsugu discloses an image recognizing method comprising the steps of:

- (a) dividing an input image into local-segments (column 5, lines 9-12; column 11, lines 27-29));
- (b) dividing a learning image into learning-local-segments having a same size as the local-segments and making subsets of some of the learning-local-segments which are similar to each other (column 11, lines 27-29 and 52-58; note the set representing a figure concept; column 5, lines 27-28);
- (c) for each of the subsets of learning-local-segments, registering image data of a representative learning-local-segment and coordinates of all the learning-local-segments of the corresponding subset into a same-type window database (column 11, lines 52-58);

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(d) selecting a local-segment from the plurality of local-segments (column 11, lines 28-29; Fig.8; as each local-segment is matched, it must first be selected)

- (e) extracting a representative learning-local-segment from the same-type window database which is similar to one of the local-segments (column 11, lines 39-50);
- (f) relating the selected local-segment to a subset of the subsets which includes the representative learning-local-segment (column 11, lines 60-64);
- (g) estimating a position of an object to be identified in the input image from coordinates of the selected local-segment and coordinates of the representative learning-local-segment of the group (column 12, lines 3-5);
- (h) updating a score of the estimated position in the input image (in the matching of step S85, which corresponds to the disclosure at, column 8, lines 1-18, with each iteration, F(k,p) is updated);
- (i) repeating steps (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h) for each local-segment of the plurality of local-segments (all of the local-segments are matched, therefore the steps are repeated for each local-segment)
- (j) judging that the object to be identified is present at the first position when the score is greater than a predetermined number (column 12, line 12-16).

With regard to claim 3, Matsugu discloses the image recognizing method according to claim 1, wherein:

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said step (b) comprises the step of registering the learning image into the learning image database by a characteristic of an object to be identified (column 9, lines 41-46);

said step (d) comprises the step of extracting the learning-local-segment which is similar to the one of the local-segment from the learning image database by the characteristic (column 9, lines 41-46); and

said step (g) comprises the step of counting a pair of one of the localsegments and a learning-local-segment by the character (column 10, lines 15-16).

As to claim 4, Matsugu discloses the image. recognizing method according to claim 2, wherein said step (c) comprises the step of, for each subset of learning-local-segments, registering image data of the representative learning-local-segment and coordinates of all the of the learning-local-segments of the corresponding subset and a characteristic of an object to be identified into the same-type window database (column 11, lines 52-58; column 12, lines 3-4).

Regarding claim 5, Matsugu discloses the image recognizing method according to claim 1, wherein the step (d) comprises the steps of:

(d-1) calculating a sum of one of (i) each square of a difference between a pixel value of the one of the local-segment and a pixel value of the learning-local-segments (column 5, lines 31-33) and (ii) each absolute of the difference between the pixel value of the selected local-segment and the pixel value of the one of the learning-local segments for each learning-local-segment; and

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30).

(d-2) extracting a pair of one of the local-segments and a learning-local-segment which has minimum one of the sum (column 5, lines 34-42); and and step (e) includes the step of relating the selected local-segment to the learning-local-segment in the pair extracted in said step (d-1) (column 5, lines 27-

Regarding claim 6, Matsugu discloses the image recognizing method according to claim 2, wherein said step (e) comprises the steps of:

- (e-1) calculating a sum of one of (i) each square of a difference between a pixel value of the one of the local -segment and a pixel value of the representative learning-local-segment (column 5, lines 31-33) and (ii) each absolute of the difference between the pixel value of the selected local-segment and the pixel value of the one of the representative learning-local-segments for each learning-local-segment, and
- (e-2) extracting a pair formed of the selected local-segment and a representative learning local-segment for which the sum is minimized (column 5, lines 34-42); and
- step (f) includes the step of relating the one of the local-segment to the representative learning-local-segment in the pair extracted in said step (e-2) (column 5, lines 27-30).

Claim 7 is an apparatus claim which corresponds to method claim 1. The discussion provided above for claim 1 is applicable to claim 7, in view of Matsugu's apparatus (e.g., Fig.1A).

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Claim 8 is an apparatus claim which corresponds to method claim 2. The discussion provided above for claim 2 is applicable to claim 8, in view of Matsugu's apparatus (e.g., Fig.1A).

With regard to claim 9, the discussions provided above for claims 1, 3 and 7 are applicable.

As to claim 10, Matsugu discloses the image recognizing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein said learning means includes:

similar window integrating means for making the subsets of learning-local-segments which are similar to each other stored in the learning image database and for releasing image data of a representative learning-local-segment of each subset and the coordinates of all the some of the learning-local-segments in each subset (column 11, lines 52-58; column 12, lines 3-4; note the lattice space inherently possesses windows, Fig.9, etc.); and

same-type window database for storing the image data of the representative learning-local-segment of the group and the coordinates of all the some of the learning-local-segments in the group (column 11, line 35; storage unit A4).

Claim 11 is drawn to a computer-readable storage medium holding a program for making a computer carry out an image recognizing method, the method corresponding to the method of claim 1. The discussion provided above for claim 1 is applicable to claim 11. Note that Matsugu's apparatus (Fig.1A) is a

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CPU-based system, which inherently includes a computer-readable storage medium. Note also column 5, lines 1-3.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jon Chang whose telephone number is (703)305-8439. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amelia Au can be reached on (703)308-6604. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jon Chang O
Primary Examiner

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Jon Chang January 24, 2005